drax

2022 Half Year Results



Agenda

Future Positive

Operational Review

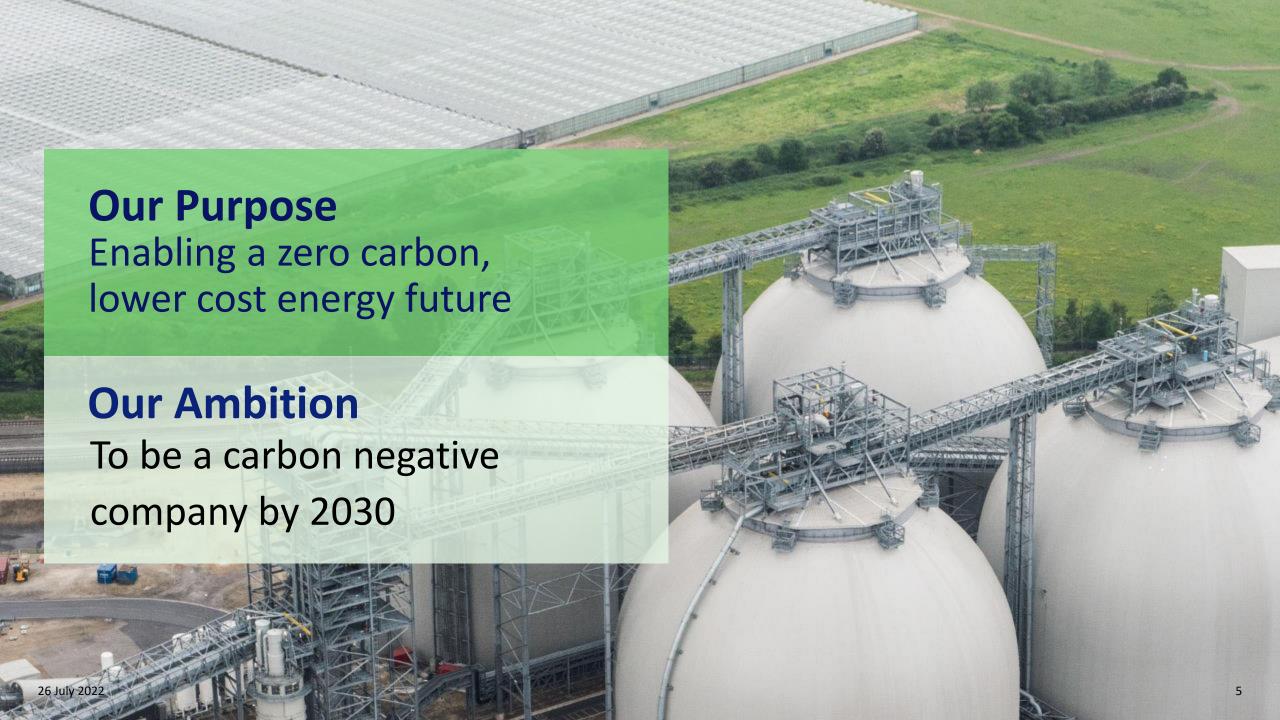
Financial Review

Strategy Update



Forward Looking Statements

This presentation may contain certain statements, expectations, statistics, projections and other information that are or may be forward-looking. The accuracy and completeness of all such statements, including, without limitation, statements regarding the future financial position, strategy, projected costs, plans, beliefs and objectives for the management of future operations of Drax Group plc ("Drax") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), are not warranted or guaranteed. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may occur in the future. Although Drax believes that the statements, expectations, statistics and projections and other information reflected in such statements are reasonable, they reflect the Company's current view and no assurance can be given that they will prove to be correct. Such events and statements involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and outcomes may differ materially from those expressed or implied by those forward-looking statements. There are a number of factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Group, which could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These include, but are not limited to, factors such as: future revenues being lower than expected; increasing competitive pressures in the industry; future investment and support for the Group's objectives; and/or general economic conditions or conditions affecting the relevant industry, both domestically and internationally, being less favourable than expected. We do not intend to publidy update or revise these projections or other forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof, and we do not assume any responsibility for doing so.



H1-22 Highlights

Strong financial and operational performance

A leading provider of UK dispatchable renewable power with plans to deliver negative emissions

Strategic

- Robust integrated biomass model with options for value through supply chain
- Progress with negative emissions (BECCS)
- £3bn fully funded growth plans underpinning sustainable and growing dividend

Operational

Pellet Production

- Increase in pellet production and Adjusted EBITDA
- Flexibility to support optimisation of Generation

Generation

- >99% reduction in scope 1 and 2 CO₂ vs 2012
- Optimisation of biomass to support security of supply and value
- Strong system support performance

Customers

Improved performance

Financial

- 21% increase in Adjusted EBITDA
- Strong cash generation, liquidity and balance sheet
- 11.7% increase in dividend per share



26 July 2022

6

Future Positive

Future Positive

Strategic ambition underpinned by safety, sustainability and biomass cost reduction

People Positive

- Diversity and inclusion programme inclusive management, promoting social mobility via graduate, apprenticeships and work experience
- Continued commitment to STEM outreach programme

Nature Positive

- Science-based sustainability policy fully compliant with UK and EU law on sustainable sourcing
- 100% of woody biomass produced by Drax verified against SBP, SFI, FSC[®] (C119787) or PEFC Chain of Custody certification

Climate Positive

- >99% reduction in scope 1 and 2 generation CO₂ since 2012
- >99% of generation from renewable and low-carbon sources
- >97% of Adjusted EBITDA from renewable and low-carbon activities
- MOU with MOL to further reduce emissions from shipping

UN Sustainable Development Goals















Total Recordable Incident Rate (TRIR) 0.41 0.14 H1-20 H1-21 H1-22

TCFD supporter



Operational Review

Pellet Production – Operational Review

Increased production capacity, continued focus on cost reduction

Increase in production driving earnings

- 54% increase in production
- 13% increase in Adjusted EBITDA

2% increase in production cost v FY-21

- Inflation impact on utility costs and fuel surcharges
- Plant commissioning costs
- Optimisation of supply chain to support Generation profile
- Other cost savings and no material change in raw fibre costs

c.0.4Mt of new capacity in US Southeast commissioned in H1-22

Expect to reach full capacity at Demopolis and Leola in H2-22

Expect FID on 0.5Mt of new capacity in H2-22

Continued investment in innovation

Tokyo sales office opened July 2022

Adjusted EBITDA £45m
(H1-21: £40m)

Production cost $$146/t^{(1/2)}$$ (FY-21: \$143/t)

Pellet production 2.0Mt (H1-21: 1.3Mt) **3.0 Mt**⁽⁴⁾ (H1-21: 0.4 Mt⁽³⁾)

Fibre sources	H1-22	FY-21 ⁽³⁾
Sawmill residues	67%	57%
Branches, tops and bark	8%	5%
Thinnings	14%	22%
Low-grade round wood	11%	16%
Total	100%	100%

¹⁾ Cost of production in Pellet Production – raw fibre, processing into a wood pellet, delivery to Drax port facilities in US and Canada and loading to vessel for shipment and overheads – Free on Board (FOB). Cost of ocean freight, UK port and rail cost reflected in Generation business accounts in addition to price paid to Pellet Production for the wood pellet.

²⁾ Cost per tonne stated at a constant CAD:USD rate of 1.30.

³⁾ Inclusive of Pinnacle from 13 April 2021.

Pellet Production – Strong Long-term Order Book

3rd party supply and own-use

Attractive 3rd party supply business

US\$4.4bn of contracted sales to 3rd parties

>21Mt of contracted sales to 3rd parties

Contracts extending to mid-2030s

High-quality Asian and European counterparties















RWE

uni



Diversified long-term offtake Sales to Asia Sales to Europe Drax own-use Additional capacity for own-use

13Mt own-use through 2026

Long-term capacity to support BECCS, additional 3rd party supply and generation models

Targeting 8Mt of production capacity to support growth – own-use and 3rd party supply

Generation – Operations

UK's largest source of renewable power by output

Biomass performance

- Optimisation of biomass generation and logistics to support UK security of supply when demand is high
- Additional optimisation, biomass and system costs
- Strong commercial availability
- Short planned outages completed on four units

Strong system support performance across portfolio

- 13% increase in margin from system support

Six-month extension of coal at request of UK government

- Winter contingency contract until end of March 2023
- Fixed fee and compensation for associated costs, including coal
- Remain committed to coal closure and development of BECCS

Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ £205m (H1-21: £186m) **E71m** (H1-21: £63m)

% of UK renewables 11% (3) (Q2 2020 to Q1 2021: 12%)

Biomass availability⁽⁴⁾ 86% (H1-21: 89%)

Biomass generation
6.1TWh
(H1-21: 7.6TWh)

Hydro generation⁽⁵⁾
0.2TWh
(H1-21: 0.3TWh)

Coal closure March 2023

coal generation < 0.1TWh (H1-21: 0.4TWh)

CO₂ intensity
<0.1t/MWh
(H1-21: 0.1t/MWh)</pre>

- H1 21 includes £21m of discontinued operations gas.
- Balancing mechanism, Ancillary Services and portfolio optimisation.
- Measured by output Q2 2021 to Q1 2022.
- Equal weighting given to all four biomass units.
-) Gross output from pumped storage and hydro schemes.

Generation – Trading and Optimisation

Supporting security of supply though reprofiling biomass supply and generation

Strong contracted power sales on ROC and hydro 2022-2024

- 25.4TWh contracted at £95.9/MWh

Strong contracted biomass supply and freight through 2026

- Own-use pellet production and 3rd party contracts
- Long-term hedging of ocean freight costs
- Rolling FX hedge protects from changes in rates

Contracted power sales 21 July 2022	2022	2023	2024
ROC (TWh) ⁽¹⁾ -Average achieved £ per MWh	11.7	8.8	4.5
	87.2	98.3	109.5
Hydro (TWh) -Average achieved £ per MWh	0.3 133.1	0.1 242.0	-
Gas hedges (TWh equivalent) ⁽²⁾ -Pence per therm	(0.1)	0.5	1.9
	361.0	145.8	135.0

Total annual biomass generation

- ROC and CfD total annual generation typically limited by biomass supply to approximately 14TWh
- Lower expected level of ROC generation in 2023 due to major planned outages on two units

¹⁾ Typical estimated annual biomass generation from ROC and CfD units c.14TWh based on estimated biomass supply. Incrementally lower in 2023 due to major planned outages on two ROC units, expected to result in lower ROC cap versus 2022.

²⁾ Structured power sales in 2023 and 2024 (forward gas sales as a proxy for forward power), transacted for the purpose of accessing additional liquidity for forward sales from ROC units and highly correlated to forward power prices.

Customers

Renewable power and decarbonisation services to high-quality I&C and Corporate customers

Strong operational and financial performance

- Continued improvement in Adjusted EBITDA
- Sale of forward hedged power not required by customers

100% renewable supply offering

- Efficient route to market for large volumes of Drax renewable power generation
- 21% increase in I&C sales versus 2021

Developing portfolio of decarbonisation products

- Route to market for over 2,000 renewable generators
- Demand Side Response propositions, supporting grid stability and benefiting customers
- Electric Vehicle charge point services a new dedicated portal for fleet customers

I&C alignment with wider Group renewable strategy

- Alignment of Customers business with Group strategy and customers who share Drax ESG ambitions
- Potential route to market for negative emissions from future projects

Adjusted EBITDA £24m
(H1-21: £5m loss)

Drax I&C power sales 6.9TWh (H1-21: 5.7TWh)



Financial Review

Financial Summary

Strong financial and operational performance

Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ £225m

(H1-21: £186m⁽²⁾)

Total Cash and Committed Facilities June 2022 £539m

(Dec-21: £549m)

Adjusted
Basic Earnings Per Share^(1/2)
20.0p/share^(1/2)
(H1-21: 14.6p/share)

Cash Generated from Operation £185m (H1-21: £138m)

Interim Dividend 8.4p/share (£34m) (H1-21: 7.5p/share, £30m) Net Debt
June 2022⁽³⁾
£1,101m
(H1-21: £1,029m)
Expect to be significantly below 2x

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA by end of 2022

Expected Full Year Dividend 21.0p/share (£84m)

(H1-21: 18.8p/share, £75m)

- 1) Financial performance measures prefixed with "Adjusted" are stated after adjusting for one-off exceptional items that, by their nature, do not reflect the trading performance of the Group (revaluation of deferred tax balances reflecting future increases in UK CT rates, acquisition costs, gain on sale of CCGT generation assets (2021), restructuring costs, debt restructuring costs and asset obsolescence charges and impairments), and certain remeasurements on derivative contracts. Adjusted EBITDA and EPS measures exclude amounts attributable to non-controlling interests.
- 2) Includes continuing and discontinued operations (H1 2021: £21m of discontinued operation CCGT generation assets).

3) Cash and short-term investments of £288m less borrowings of £1,388m.

Pellet Production Cost

35% of target reductions achieved over last three years Further savings in H1 offset by targeted inflationary increases and commissioning costs



2% increase in H1-22

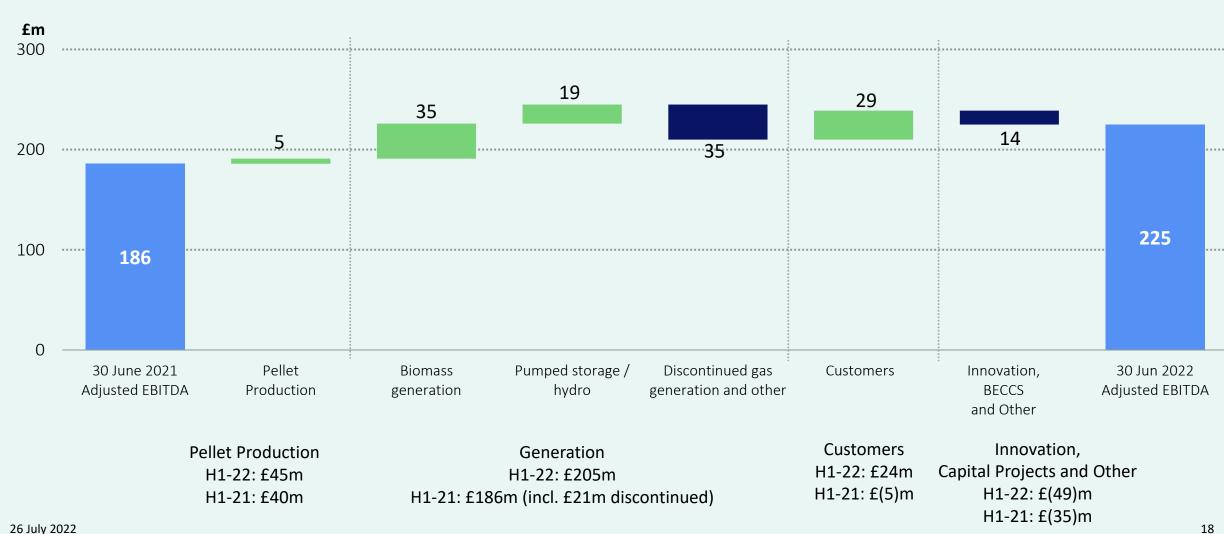
- Increase in utility costs (> 20% increase)
- Fuel surcharges on barge and rail transport to port (> 10% increase)
- Commissioning costs at Demopolis & Leola 80% of full volume achieved in June
- "Other" represents a net reduction across all other costs:
 - Other savings more than offset costs incurred optimising the supply chain to support reprofiling of Generation
 - No material change in raw fibre costs

Areas of focus for savings

- Increased use of lower cost residuals and a wider range of sustainable biomass materials
- Continued optimisation across fibre, transportation and production
- Incremental throughput at existing sites and addition of new capacity
- Development and introduction of new technologies and innovation

Adjusted EBITDA Bridge H1-21 to H1-22

21% increase in Adjusted EBITDA



Capital Investment

Investment to drive operational efficiency, strategic initiatives and growth

2022 estimate	Key areas	Investment
Maintenance	Maintain operational performance	£70-80m
Enhancement	Efficiency and operational improvements	£20m
Strategic and growth	UK BECCS New pellet plants (subject to FID) Biomass and other OCGT	£20m £10m £20-30m £120m
Other	Health, safety, environment and IT	£30m
Total		£290-£310m

H1-22: £60m

Full year outlook

- Continued investment in development of UK BECCS FEED study and early site preparation
- OCGT investment in H2-22 in line with 2024 Capacity Market agreement Expect to take FID on 0.5Mt of new pellet plant capacity in H2-22



Balance Sheet

Long-term structures in place to support growth

Facilities in place to support growth and decarbonisation

- Infrastructure facilities extend maturity profile to 2030
- ESG facilities with margin linked to carbon emissions

Group cost of debt <3.6%

- Repayment of £35m index-linked term loan

Strong credit profile

- S&P/Fitch (BB+ stable) and Fitch senior secured rating
- DBRS investment grade rating (BBB low stable)

Further opportunities for efficiency and reduced cost

Expect significantly <2x Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA by end of 2022

£539m cash and committed facilities

Maturity profile to 2030

Instrument	Maturity	Description
Infrastructure facilities		
2019	2024-2029	£375m
2020	2024-2030	c.£213m ⁽¹⁾
Bonds	2025	\$500m
Dollus	2025	€250m
ESG Revolving Credit Facility	2025	£300m
		(undrawn for cash)
ESG term-loan ⁽²⁾	2024	C\$300m

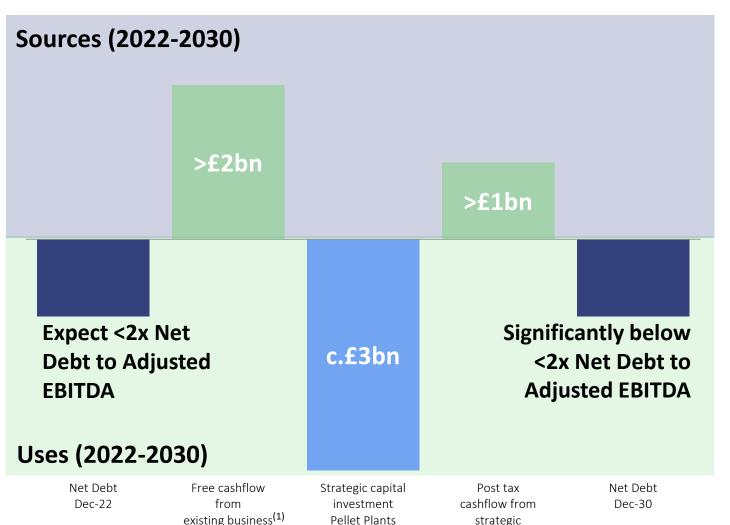
¹⁾ c.£213m – €25m in 2024 (£23m), €70m (£63m) in 2026, £45m in 2027, £53m in 2028 and €31.5m (£29m) in 2030, of which £130m was undrawn at December 2020, subsequently drawn February 2021.²⁰

²⁾ Refinanced July 2021, reduced from C\$435m at 30 June 2021.

Sources and Uses of Cash – Fully Funded Investment Plan to 2030

Investment funded by existing cash generation and EBITDA growth consistent with long-term target of 2x Net Debt

investments⁽²⁾



UK BECCS Cruachan II

Strategic capital investments

Pellet plants, UK BECCS, Cruachan II

Investment and funding

- Investments backed by long-term contracted cashflows
- No new equity, funding from cash generation and debt
- High-quality portfolio provides range of options for financing
- Peak investment period 2024-2027
- Net debt to Adjusted EBITDA <2x in 2030

Additional free cashflow available to support other investments, including BECCS projects in US

Returns

 Target high single to low double-digit returns depending on risk profile and proportion of contracted earnings

Remain committed to current dividend policy

Average growth rate over last 5 years of 10%

Free cashflow from existing business = Adjusted EBITDA less interest, tax, dividend and maintenance capex.

²⁾ Post tax cashflow from strategic investments = Adjusted EBITDA less tax and interest.

Clear Capital Allocation Policy

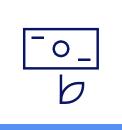
Implemented in 2017, designed to support strategy



1. Maintain credit rating



2. Invest in core business



3. Sustainable and growing dividend



4. Return surplus capital beyond investment requirements

Strategy Update

Strategic Objectives

Positioning Drax for growth opportunities linked to global renewable energy and decarbonisation initiatives

Pellet Production

Objective 1: to be a global leader in sustainable biomass pellets

- 3rd party sales, own-use, cost reduction, fibre sourcing and technology

Negative Emissions

Objective 2: to be a global leader in negative emissions

- Development of projects in UK and internationally
- Carbon negative by 2030

Dispatchable, Renewable Power

Objective 3: to be a leader in UK dispatchable, renewable power

- Biomass, pumped storage and hydro
- Renewable power and energy services to strategic customers

All underpinned by safety, sustainability and cost reduction

Milestones for 2022

Making good progress on milestones for progressing strategy through 2022

Biomass pellet production

Biomass pellet sales

Biomass cost reduction

UK BECCS

International BECCS

Pumped Storage

- Expect to take final investment decision on up to 0.5Mt of new capacity
- Establishment of Tokyo field office
 - Establishment of European business development
- Expansion of international affairs capability
 - Continued reduction in pellet production costs
 - Approve new fuels, expanding fuel mix to deliver >100kt of lower cost sustainable biomass
 - Investment in FEED and site preparation
- Planning application submitted
 - Government to run competitive process for Gas CCS, industrial CCS and hydrogen projects
 - Government to develop and initiate selection process for BECCS and other greenhouse gas removal projects in priority CCS clusters
 - Government to publish Bioenergy Strategy Review
- Programme of government engagement
 - Site location filtering
 - Progress discussions on renewable power and negative emission packages
 - Commence detailed CO₂ storage evaluation programme
 - Refine technical concepts
 - Submission of Cruachan II planning application to Scottish Government
 - BEIS consult on investment support mechanism
- Connection agreement secured from National Grid

Development of UK BECCS

Drax Power Station – targeting 8Mt pa of negative emissions from BECCS by 2030, on track for FID in 2024

H1-22

Technology

- FEED study progressing well
- Early stage site preparation commenced

Planning

Planning application submitted May 2022

Government

 Competitive process for Gas CCS, industrial CCS and hydrogen projects underway

H2-22

Technology

- Coal "winter contingency" contract delay coal infrastructure removal to April 2023
- No significant impact on BECCS timetable

Government

- Draft Energy Bill (July 2022) creates legislative framework for BECCS business model
- Consultation on GGR business models published July 2022
- Consultation on power BECCS business model to be published "reflective of its advanced technological readiness and the co-benefits of both power and negative emissions"
- Launch next stage of selection process for BECCS and other greenhouse gas removal projects
- Publish Bioenergy Strategy Review
- Progress Review of Energy Market Arrangements (REMA)
 an important long-term role for biomass and BECCS



International BECCS

Targeting 4Mt pa of negative emissions from new-build BECCS outside UK by 2030

Supportive regulatory developments in USA

- Inclusion of BECCS as an eligible technology under Department of Energy climate goals funding scheme
- Louisiana legislation supporting renewable status of biomass and negative emissions from BECCS
- "Biomass utilization strategies paired with sequestration, like bioenergy with carbon capture and storage (BECCS). The Proposed Scenario estimates that 5–10 MTCO2e may be available from recoverable biomass, but this will require the permitting, construction, and start-up of new infrastructure in California"

Good progress with milestones

- State and Federal level engagement in USA, including Louisiana,
 Texas and California
- Continued screening and narrowing of regions and locations including green and brownfield sites
- Key consideration proximity to fibre and carbon infrastructure, regulatory support, commercial potential and technology
- Evaluating options for commercial agreements with industrial partners for renewable power and negative emissions
- Engagement with policy makers on standards for the classification of biomass engineered removals (negative emissions)

Emerging opportunities for coal-to-biomass-to-BECCS

24 February 2022

Outlook

Drax strategic objectives closely aligned with net zero policies, providing attractive opportunities for long-term growth

UK and international policies increasingly support the use of biomass, BECCS and the role of dispatchable generation

Pellet Production

- Targeting 4Mt pa of 3rd party pellet sales by 2030

- Targeting 8Mt pa of pellet production capacity by 2030

Negative Emissions

- Targeting 8Mt pa of negative emissions from UK BECCS by 2030

 Growing global demand for negative emissions and increasing opportunities for BECCS outside UK by 2030

Dispatchable, Renewable Power

- Long-term system need for biomass generation
- Develop option for additional 600MW pumped storage by 2030

Underpinned by safety, sustainability and biomass cost reduction

- Continue to target biomass cost reduction
- Investment in resources to deliver strategy and purpose

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2022 Half Year Results

Appendices

Group Adjusted EBITDA

Group Income Statement – Continuing Operations

Group Income Statement – Adjusted Results

Continuing and Discontinued Operations

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA

Continuing and Discontinued Operations

Pellet Production – Adjusted EBITDA

Generation – Adjusted EBITDA

Continuing and Discontinued Operations

Customers – Adjusted EBITDA

Group Cash Flow Statement

Continuing and Discontinued Operations

Group Net Debt Bridge

Climate Positive

Sustainable Biomass Sourcing and Carbon Life Cycle

Sources of Biomass Supply

Merchant Forward Commodity Prices

Merchant Forward Carbon Prices

Merchant Forward Spreads

Group Adjusted EBITDA

High-quality, enduring earnings from a multi-technology portfolio and integrated value chain

Business unit	_	Assets	Capacity	H1-22 Adjusted EBITDA (£m)	H1-21 Adjusted EBITDA (£m)
Pellet Production		17 pellet plants and developments in Canada and USA Access to 4 deep water ports (with control of 2)	c.5Mt c.8Mt	45	40
	Drax Power Station – biomass and legacy coal		2.6GW/1.3GW ⁽¹⁾	152	131
Generation	Hydro	Cruachan Pumped Storage Lanark and Galloway hydro schemes Daldowie – energy from waste	0.6GW	53	34
	Gas	4 x gas CCGTs		-	21
Customers		I&C, Corporate and SME supply		24	(5)
Innovation, Capital Projects and Other				(49)	(35)
Total				225	186

Group Income Statement – Continuing Operations

	H1-22				H1-21	
In £m	Adjusted	Exceptional	Total	Adjusted	Exceptional	Total
Revenue	3,621	(64)	3,557	2,177	(3)	2,174
Cost of sales	(3,135)	194	(2,941)	(1,807)	23	(1,784)
Gross profit	486	130	616	370	20	390
Operating and administrative expenses	(235)	(2)	(237)	(197)	(12)	(209)
Impairment losses on financial assets	(26)	-	(26)	(8)	-	(8)
Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations	225	n/a	n/a	165	n/a	n/a
Depreciation	(106)	-	(106)	(72)	-	(72)
Amortisation	(15)	-	(15)	(17)	-	(17)
Impairment of non-current assets	-	(25)	(25)	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(1)	-	(1)	-	-	-
Income from associates	1	-	1	-	-	-
Operating profit	104	103	207	76	8	84
Foreign exchange gains	28	-	28	2	-	2
Net interest charge	(35)	-	(35)	(34)	-	(34)
Profit before tax	97	103	200	44	8	52
Tax	(18)	(34)	(52)	(5)	(53)	(58)
Net result from continuing operations	79	69	148	39	(45)	(6)

Group Income Statement – Adjusted Results – Continuing and Discontinued Operations

		H1-22			H1-21	
In £m	Continuing	Discontinued	Total	Continuing	Discontinued	Total
Revenue	3,621	-	3,621	2,177	52	2,229
Cost of sales	(3,135)	-	(3,135)	(1,807)	(32)	(1,839)
Gross profit	486	-	486	370	20	390
Operating expenses	(235)	-	(235)	(197)	1	(196)
Impairment losses on financial assets	(26)	-	(26)	(8)	-	(8)
Adjusted EBITDA	225	-	225	165	21	186
Depreciation	(106)	-	(106)	(72)	-	(72)
Amortisation	(15)	-	(15)	(17)	-	(17)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(1)	-	(1)	-	-	-
Income from associates	1	-	1	-	-	-
Operating profit	104	-	104	76	21	97
Foreign exchange gains	28	-	28	2	-	2
Net interest charge	(35)	-	(35)	(34)	-	(34)
Profit before tax	97	-	97	44	21	65
Tax	(18)	-	(18)	(5)	(2)	(7)
Profit for the period	79	-	79	39	19	58
Basic earnings per share (pence)	20.0	-	20.0	9.9	4.7	14.6

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA – Continuing and Discontinued Operations

H1-22 £m	Power Generation	Discontinued	Pellet Production	Customers	Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	Consolidated
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	205	-	45	24	(5)	269
Innovation, Capital Projects and Other						(44)
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA						225

H1-21 £m	Power Generation	Discontinued	Pellet Production	Customers	Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	Consolidated
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	165	21	40	(5)	(4)	217
Innovation, Capital Projects and Other						(31)
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA						186

26 July 2022 1) Intercompany eliminations 34

Pellet Production – Adjusted EBITDA

In £m	H1-22	FY-21
Revenues	358	450
Cost of sales	(242)	(267)
Gross profit	116	183
Operating costs	(71)	(97)
Adjusted EBITDA	45	86

Revenues

26 July 2022

- FOB price for biomass at Drax US and Canadian ports
- Generation business incurs cost of ocean freight, UK port and rail costs

FOB total cost

USD\$	H1-22	FY-21
Cost of sales (\$m)	312	367
Operating costs (\$m)	92	132
Total cost (\$m)	404	499
3 rd party pass through volumes (\$m)	(62)	(23)
Freight cost on CIF contracts (\$m)	(31)	(34)
Other adjustments (\$m) ⁽¹⁾	(19)	2
Underlying production cost (\$m)	292	444
Drax pellet production (Mt)	2.0	3.1
Cost per tonne (\$/t) ⁽²⁾	146	143

¹⁾ Removal of inventory movements, non-controlling interest adjustments, other non-production costs and FX.

²⁾ Cost per tonne stated at a constant CAD:USD rate of 1.30.

³⁾ Included Pinnacle from April 2021.

Generation – Adjusted EBITDA – Continuing and Discontinued Operations

In £m	H1-22	H1-21
Revenue		
Power sales	2,549	1,236
System support and optimisation	91	82
ROC sales	396	191
CfD income	(8)	188
Capacity Market income	8	25
Gas sales to Customers business	60	35
Fuel sales	37	10
Other income	-	5
	3,133	1,772
Cost of sales		
Generation fuel costs	(598)	(691)
Cost of system support and optimisation	(20)	(19)
Fuel sold	(22)	(2)
ROC support	267	262
Carbon tax	-	(11)
Carbon certificates	(2)	(15)
ROCs sold or utilised	(400)	(191)
Cost of power purchases	(2,017)	(788)
Grid charges	(55)	(44)
	(2,847)	(1,499)
Gross profit	286	273
Operating costs	(81)	(87)
Total Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	205	186

System support and optimisation

£m	H1-22	H1-21
System support and optimisation		
System support and optimisation revenues	91	82
System support and optimisation cost of sale	(20)	(19)
Margin from system support and optimisation	71	63

Average achieved power price

	H1-22	H1-21
Gross power sales (£m)	2,549	1,236
Cost of power purchases (£m)	(2,017)	(788)
Net power sales (£m)	532	448
Net power sales (TWh)	6.3	8.9
Average achieved price (£/MWh)	84.4	50.3

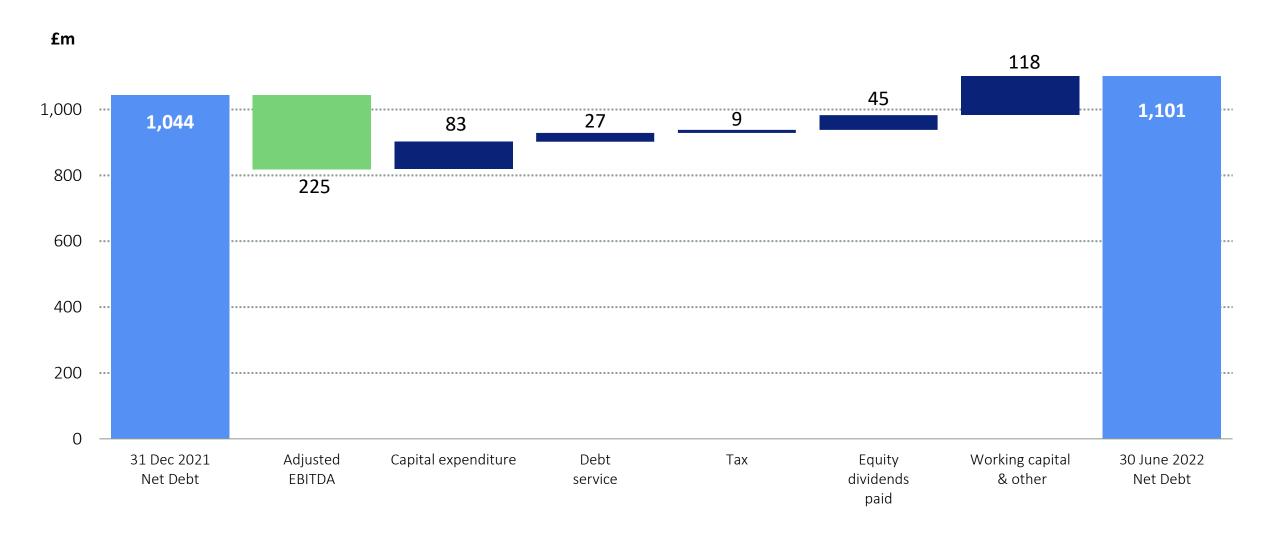
Customers – Adjusted EBITDA

In £m	H1-22	H1-21
Revenue	1,668	1,077
Cost of sales		
Cost of power and gas purchases	(934)	(442)
Grid charges	(319)	(232)
Other costs	(325)	(359)
	(1,578)	(1,033)
Gross profit	90	44
Operating costs	(40)	(41)
Bad debt charge	(26)	(8)
Adjusted EBITDA	24	(5)

Group Cash Flow Statement – Continuing and Discontinued Operations

In £m	H1-22	H1-21
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	225	186
Working capital and other	(40)	(48)
Cash generated from operations	185	138
Debt service and other interest	(32)	(31)
Tax	(9)	8
Net cash from operating activities	144	115
Capital investment	(83)	(64)
Disposal of subsidiary	-	188
Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	(204)
Net refinancing	(41)	124
Equity dividends paid	(45)	(41)
Other	(7)	(2)
(Decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(32)	116
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	317	290
Net cash flow	(32)	116
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	3	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	288	406

Group Net Debt Bridge



Climate Positive

The world's leading sustainable biomass generation and supply business – ambition to be carbon negative by 2030 >99% reduction in scope 1 and 2 generation CO₂ since 2012 and >99% of generation from renewable and low-carbon sources

>£2bn investment in renewables since 2012 Coal-to-biomass conversion, biomass supply chain, pumped storage and hydro

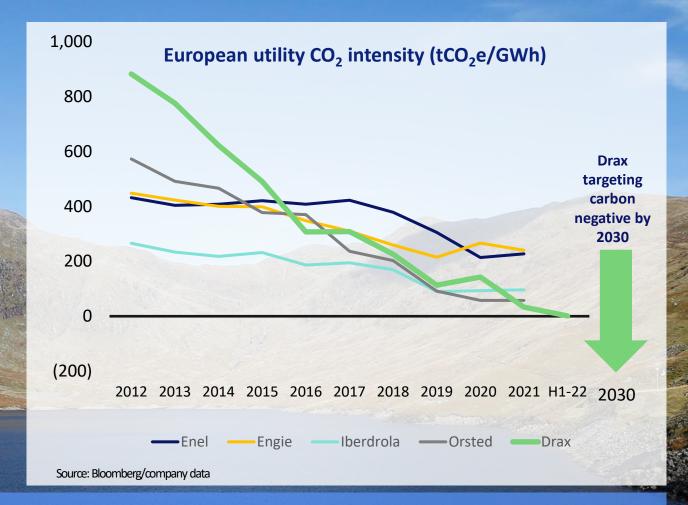
Ending use of fossil fuels

End of commercial coal generation (Mar-21) Winter contingency contract (Oct-22 to Mar-23) Closure of coal (Mar-23)

£3bn of investment opportunities in renewables and negative emissions by 2030 Biomass supply, UK BECCS, pumped storage hydro

Development of options for BECCS in USA

Ambition to be carbon negative by 2030



Drax expects >90% of capital investment 2022-2030 to be in renewable and low-carbon projects

Sustainable Biomass Sourcing and Carbon Life Cycle

Science-led biomass sourcing policy ensures long-term sustainability and contribution to natural environment

Key principles

- No deforestation
- Positive impacts in the areas where we source

Objectives

- Reduce CO₂ emissions
- Protect the natural environment
- Support people and societies
- Research, outreach and intervention

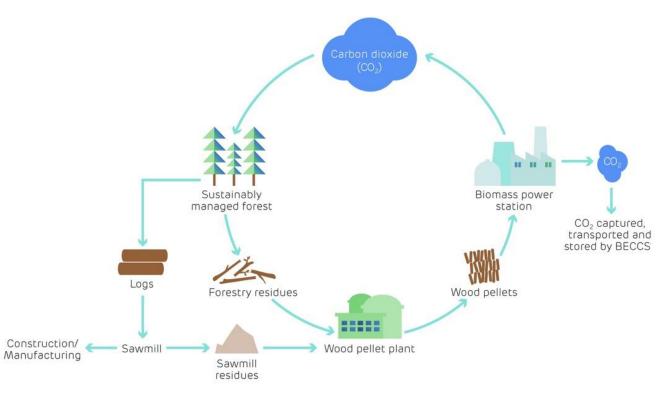
Policy

- Reflects Committee on Climate Change bioenergy review and Forest Research⁽¹⁾ recommendations
- Independent Advisory Board
- Independent assurance of sources

Strong regulatory mechanisms ensure biomass sustainability

- European Union REDII and Taxonomy, continued with REDIII emphasis on BECCS
- UK ROC and CfD renewable schemes

Biomass generation carbon life cycle



41

¹⁾ Forest Research is Great Britain's principal organisation for forestry and tree related research and is internationally renowned for the provision of evidence and scientific services in support of sustainable forestry.

Sources of Biomass Supply

3rd party and self-supply sources of fibre by location – H1-22

	Sawmill residues	Branches, tops and bark	Thinnings	Low grade round wood	Agri. residues	Total
USA	22%	2%	13%	20%	1%	58%
Canada	23%	4%	-	-	-	27%
Latvia	2%	-	-	6%	-	8%
Estonia	<1%	-	-	-	-	1%
Portugal	<1%	-	<1%	<2%	-	2%
Brazil	-	-	-	1%	-	1%
Other European	<1%	-	-	<1%	1%	3%
Total	48%	6%	14%	30%	2%	100%

Self-supply sources of fibre – H1-22

	Sawmill residues	Branches, tops and bark	Thinnings	Low grade round wood	Agri. residues	Total
USA	26%	-	14%	11%	-	51%
Canada ⁽²⁾	41%	8%	-	-	-	49%
Total	67%	8%	14%	11%	-	100%

3rd party and self-supply sources of fibre by location – H1-21⁽¹⁾

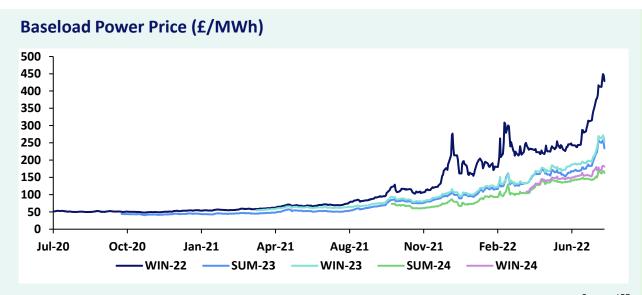
	Sawmill residues	Branches, tops and bark	Thinnings	Low grade round wood	Agri. residues	Total
USA	21%	4%	15%	25%	1%	67%
Canada	11%	1%	-	3%	-	15%
Latvia	1%	-	-	6%	-	7%
Estonia	1%	-	-	1%	-	3%
Portugal	-	1%	-	-	-	1%
Brazil	-	-	-	4%	-	4%
Other European	1%	-	-	-	2%	3%
Total	37%	5%	16%	39%	3%	100%

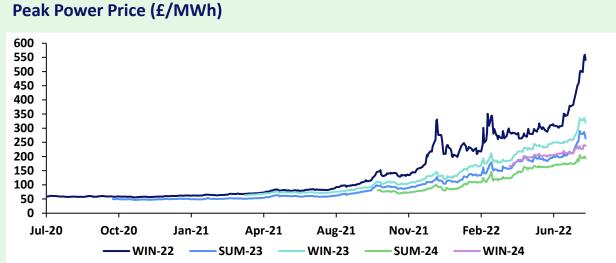
Self-supply sources of fibre – H1-21⁽¹⁾

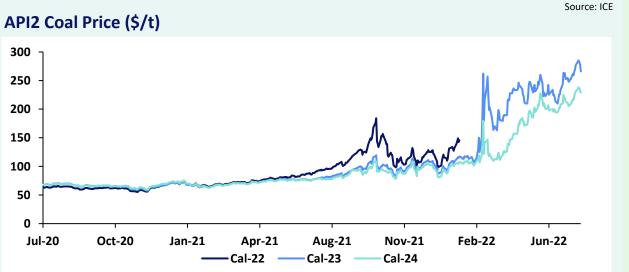
	Sawmill residues	Branches, tops and bark	Thinnings	Low grade round wood	Agri. residues	Total
USA	28%	-	27%	17%	-	72%
Canada	19%	2%	-	6%	-	28%
Total	48%	2%	27%	23%	-	100%

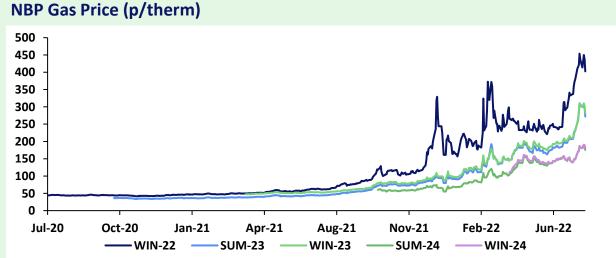
26 July 2022 1) Inclusive of Pinnacle from 13 April 2021.

Merchant Forward Commodity Prices









Source: ICE

Source: ICE

Merchant Carbon Prices



EU ETS Carbon (€/t)

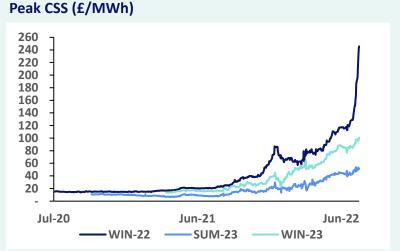


Source: ICE/Spectron

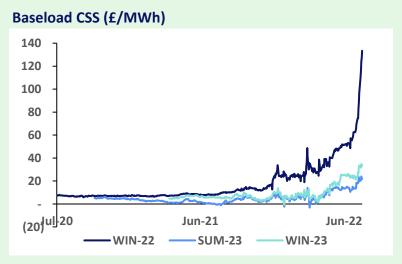
21 February 2022

Source: ICE

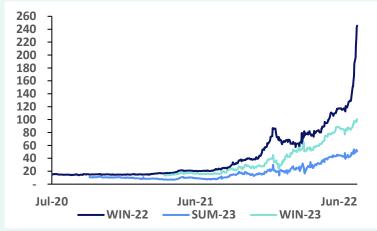
Merchant Forward Spreads











Source: ICE, Reuters and Drax

Baseload DGS (£/MWh)



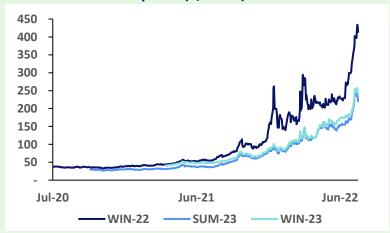
Source: ICE, Reuters and Drax Source: ICE, Reuters and Drax

Peak ROC Bark Spread (£/MWh)



Source: ICE, Reuters and Drax

Baseload ROC Bark Spread (£/MWh)



Source: ICE, Reuters and Drax

drax

2022 Half Year Results